AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

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The amendments to the claims made herein include no new matter.

- 1-47. (canceled)
- 48. (Previously presented) The method of claim 55, wherein said purified protamine has a molecular weight of between about 400 and about 2000 Daltons.
- 49. (Previously presented) The method of claim 48, wherein said purified protamine has a molecular weight of between about 500 and about 1350 Daltons.
- 50. (Previously presented) The method of claim 48, wherein said purified protamine has a molecular weight of between about 1100 and about 1300 Daltons.
 - 51-54. (canceled)
- 55. (Currently amended) A method of inactivating heparin or low molecular weight heparin, comprising contacting heparin or low molecular weight heparin with a composition comprising an amount of at least a purified protamine <u>fragment</u> effective to inactivate heparin or low molecular weight heparin; wherein said purified protamine is bioactive, has a molecular weight of between about 400 and about 2500 Daltons as determined by gel filtration and has reduced immunoresponsiveness or toxicity compared to native protamine.
- 56. (Previously presented) The method of claim 55, wherein said heparin or low molecular weight heparin is located within a mammal and said composition is administered to said mammal.
- 57. (Withdrawn) A method of ameliorating an effect of heparin or low molecular weight heparin in a mammal, comprising administering to said mammal at least a first pharmaceutical composition comprising an amount of at least a first purified protamine effective to ameliorate an effect of heparin or low molecular weight heparin in said mammal; wherein said purified protamine is bioactive, has a molecular weight of between about 400 and about 2500 Daltons and has reduced immunoresponsiveness or toxicity compared to native protamine.

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58. (Withdrawn) A method for treating or preventing undue or excessive bleeding in a mammal, comprising administering to a mammal having or at risk for developing excessive bleeding at least a first pharmaceutical composition comprising an amount of at least a first purified protamine effective to treat or prevent undue or excessive bleeding in said mammal; wherein said purified protamine is bioactive, has a molecular weight of between about 400 and about 2500 Daltons and has reduced immunoresponsiveness or toxicity compared to native protamine.

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- 59. (Previously presented) The method of claim 64, wherein said mammal exhibits excessive bleeding associated with systemic heparinization.
- 60. (Previously presented) The method of claim 64, wherein said mammal exhibits excessive bleeding associated with extracorporeal blood circulation.
- 61. (Previously presented) The method of claim 64, wherein said mammal exhibits excessive bleeding associated with a disease or disorder.
- 62. (Previously presented) The method of claim 64, wherein said mammal exhibits excessive bleeding associated with a trauma or surgery.
- 63. (Currently amended) The method of claim 64, wherein at least a second coagulant is further administered to said mammal.
- 64. (Previously presented) The method of claim 56, wherein said mammal has or is at risk for developing excessive bleeding.
- 65. (Previously presented) The method claim 48, wherein said purified protamine has a molecular weight of about 1300 Daltons.
- 66. (Previously presented) The method of claim 48, wherein said purified protamine has a molecular weight of about 1200 Daltons.
- 67. (Previously presented) The method of claim 55, wherein said composition comprises at least a first and at least a second purified protamine.
- 68. (Previously presented) The method of claim 56, wherein said mammal is a human subject.

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69. (Previously presented) The method of claim 55 wherein inactivating heparin or low molecular weight heparin ameliorates an effect of heparin or low molecular weight heparin in a mammal.

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70. (Currently amended) The method of claim 55(Previously presented) wherein inactivating heparin or low molecular weight heparin treats or prevents undue or excessive bleeding in a mammal.